

BRITON IN GALLIPOLI SAYS "WE'LL WIN!"

Writes That Warships Now
Hammering Turks Are
Torpedo Proof.

"GIVE US TIME," HE ASKS

Some of the problems encountered by the British troops at the Dardanelles, and an indication of the daring and brilliant tactics which the British are employing against the Turks, are given in the following letter just received in this city from a soldier serving with a signal company of the Mediterranean expeditionary force.

The letter is dated August 25 at "Anzac," a name invented by "the boys" from the initials of the Australian and New Zealand Army Corps to which they belong.

As for Turkey, well, she has still the advantage of all the power and strength of being in possession of the best positions in a country peculiarly favorable to defense. But she will never hold her positions against our hammering. Never! We are now so strongly entrenched that no power she possesses could ever shift us. Only a few paltry miles, you know, separate us from our goal, the Dardanelles!

We shall have to fight hard. The Turks have proved themselves a fine race of warriors, and they have fought fairly and bravely, but the power arrayed against them increases every hour. It is only a question of time. Slowly but surely we have mastered all the dangers which hitherto threatened us. Take the submarines. They gave us a shock at first, and the warships had to keep clear. Then the fleet of destroyers increased; the monitors with their torpedo proof shallow draft came, and finally arrived the new battleships, padded with water tanks, which make them invulnerable to submarine attack. These last fellows are out on the bay now ripping out broadsides just to let our enemies know what the old country can do when she's up against it.

"Give Us Time!"

Give us time! This is our cry. If you haven't a lovely British victory in your newspaper every morning to make the eggs and bacon go down, don't be cross. Patiently with time and your support we will yet win.

War has its picturesque and thrilling sights as well as its horrors. I am thinking now of the awful panoramic drama we often witness of the warships shelling the Turks in their positions atop one of the barren, rocky hills. An aeroplane sails up and hovers over the hill and the old war dog begins hurling common shell at the summit.

The aircraft signals the gunners with her wireless. Finally the Turks begin to skedaddle, or as the Egyptians say, "imahese." The airship is watching. As soon as she sees the Turks break, she signals and the warship changes to high explosive shells.

Shot after shot comes flying along. The earth is sent up in a mass of stones, clouds of smoke hover everywhere. The enemy are running to new shelter. Shell after shell drops among them. Again the aeroplane signals and this time the gunners change to shrapnel, each of which contains hundreds of bullets which literally spray the countryside with death.

The shrapnel bursts with terrible explosions. Here and there a running figure falls. Three or four of the mighty guns bellow at the hillside with one voice. Their missiles burst aimed to scatter. There are very few running figures now. And the next day you read in your newspaper, "The execution was good at Gallipoli."

Poor Turks! They have certainly lost more men than we have. They lie before us in heaps, still unburiel. Alas, there can be only one ending for them.

Charge Won Trench.

Of course the boys made an advance on August 6. They made a daring and successful attack against the Turks by "sapping." But fifty yards separated our trench from that of the Turk. We are both supplied with scores of machine guns whose fire is appallingly deadly. Every yard saved in an advance means many precious lives.

It was hot and exhausting labor, but our chaps not only built the tunnel but actually completed a new set of trenches without ever disturbing the surface of the earth between the two positions. Our trench guns maintained their volleys while the boys worked in order to deaden the sound of their pickaxes.

The Turkish had excellent trenches. They are covered with railway sleepers which in turn are protected with earth and finally wire netting. The netting catches hand bombs and tosses them aside so that when they explode they are harmless. Throwing these things is just like throwing cricket balls, and both sides have developed extraordinary dexterity in their use.

Well, the minute of attack on the 6th approaches. Our trench guns cease firing. The last few rods are gently removed from underneath. Our boys fix their bayonets. The Captain cries out, "Break away, boys! Charge!" and out our chaps leap at the Turk's trench.

There are a few yards to go. They cut the wire netting, batter in the covering and drop through holes thus made into the Turkish trench. Can you imagine the sensations of the boy who did that? Can you see him leaping, his mind in an agony of uncertainty as to what he'd drop on?

In the narrow trench there British and Turk had it out, hand to hand, steel against steel. Ugh! It was a hideous slaughter. We buried 200 Turks in our trench. We also got ten machine guns and 400 prisoners. The position of Lone Pine, as the boys christened it, was ours.

"KING OF SCOTLAND" CAPTURED.

Will Be Returned to Asylum at Central Islip.

James T. Bradley, the "King of Scotland," who escaped from the Central Islip, L. I., insane asylum on Friday, was captured yesterday morning at Sixty-ninth street and Third avenue by Patrolman Emde of the East Sixty-seventh street station. Bradley has been an inmate of the asylum for several months and is considered dangerous. He was taken to Bellevue Hospital from the station house to await removal to Central Islip.

Patrolman Emde was standing under the elevated structure at Sixty-ninth street when he noticed a man standing bare headed in the rain. Mrs. Margaret O'Brien of 1155 Third avenue approached the policeman and told him she recognized the man as a former neighbor who had been committed to an insane asylum. When the man was taken to the station house all the information he would give concerning himself was that he was the reigning king of Scotland. Later Bradley became violent and attempted to run out of the street, but was overpowered by the reserve.

CANADA MAY HOLD GENERAL ELECTION

Borden-Laurier Fight Likely
to End Life of the Parlia-
ment.

MAKING MORE MUNITIONS

OTTAWA, Nov. 27.—Disagreement between Sir Robert Borden and Sir Wilfrid Laurier over the details of a proposal to extend the life of Parliament until after war seems likely to result in a general election in January. The Prime Minister and the leader of the opposition have had conferences and correspondence over the matter, but it was stated at the office of Sir Robert Borden to-day that no definite arrangement had been reached.

The Ottawa Free Press, Liberal, announces to-day that the Government is actually considering an election immediately after the New Year, while the Evening Journal, regarded as Sir Robert Borden's mouthpiece, says that some of the statements in the correspondence between the two leaders is of a "startling character." Neither Sir Robert nor Sir Wilfrid can be induced to give out an official statement, and it is hard to arrive at a fair conclusion as to the difficulty from the party press.

The Liberals hold that the trouble arises from the demand of the Government that the life of Parliament be extended to one year after the signing of peace, a proposal which they decide to give out without reason. On the other hand, the Conservative press puts the blame on Sir Wilfrid Laurier, charging that he refuses to continue the political game and has announced his intention to oppose candidates in constituencies now vacant. The independent newspapers probably voice the sentiments of the overwhelming majority of the people of the Dominion by protesting strongly against an election in the present crisis.

To Make More Munitions.

It is officially announced to-day that the Dominion is to embark on the manufacture of munitions on a much larger scale than heretofore. Lionel Hichens, representative in Canada of David Lloyd George, Imperial Minister of Munitions, announces that he has perfected a scheme whereby Canadian banks, manufacturers and the Government will cooperate to finance the British Government for all future munitions purchased in this country. Aided by the banks, the Dominion Government will advance loans to the British Government, and through Lloyd George's immense contracts for Russia, France and Italy will be placed with Canadian manufacturers. A conference of bankers, manufacturers and representatives of the Government will meet Mr. Hichens to conclude the arrangement at the beginning of the coming week.

First War Loan Went Well.

The success of the first Canadian war loan exceeded all expectations. The loan, which was for \$50,000,000, was practically oversubscribed on the first day, the chartered banks all over the country being bombarded by private subscribers. The remarkable reception accorded this venture has brought forward the semi-official announcement that a second war loan will be forthcoming some time in March next. Thus far Canada has borrowed \$150,000,000 in London to finance its share in the war, but the success of the war loan has made it pretty certain that Canada will finance her own way now as long as the struggle goes on.

New Charges of War Graft.

Graft charges continue to engage the public attention. The first arrest for fraud came this week with the arrest in Regina of C. A. Mitchell, a prominent citizen, charged with swindling the Government in a large deal, and it is announced at the Justice Department here that other arrests and prosecutions are soon to follow. Speaking in Montreal to-day Sir Charles Davidson, chairman of the royal commission investigating charges of fraud and profiteering, declared that he had orders from the Government to have no mercy on the war grafters. The fact and the fact that there are men "higher up" who have made most of the illegal profits, but that they are being exempted from prosecution.

Catholics Not Patriotic?

A bitter religious controversy, one that is believed to be injurious to recruiting, has been started by a Toronto writer, the Rev. J. J. O'Rourke, charging that Roman Catholics are not doing their share in the matter of recruiting. The Sentinel produces figures to prove that on the basis of population the Roman Catholics are 35,000 men short at the front. This statement has brought forth bitter protests from leading Catholics and is generally frowned on by the authorities.

ENDS FLIGHT BY RAIL.

Carlstrom Held Back by Mud and Fog.

Victor Carlstrom, the aviator, who flew from Toronto to this city, couldn't finish his journey to Garden City by air yesterday. The fog and the fact that his huge biplane was stuck in the mud in a ploughed field near Fort Lee prevented him. Instead Carlstrom and his mechanic spent the morning taking the machine apart and cleaning it, after which it was shipped to Long Island by rail.

The flier expects to assemble the biplane at Garden City to-day, after which he will make several flights in this vicinity before he starts on his return trip to Canada.

"77" Humphreys' Seventy-seven For Grip, Influenza, COLDS

That Homeopathy requires faith to be of benefit is disproven by the people of all beliefs being constant users of "Seventy-seven."

To get the best results, take "Seventy-seven" at the first feeling of a Cold—lassitude.

If you wait until you begin to cough and sneeze, it may take longer.

A small vial of pleasant pellets, fits the vest pocket.

25c. and \$1.00. at all druggists or mailed. Humphreys' Homeo. Medicine Co., 124 William Street, New York.

JOFFRE OUSTS OLD GENERALS.

Seven of Major and Three of Brigadier Rank Retired.

PARIS, Nov. 27.—Le Journal Official announces to-day that seven Major-Generals and three Brigadier-Generals have been transferred to the retired list. Among the names are those of Gens. A. D. M. Drude and De Mas Latrie. Gen. Drude has spent most of his active service in the colonies and was prominent at the time of the Moroccan crisis. He is 64 years old. Gen. De Mas Latrie formerly commanded the Eighteenth Army Corps. The places thus vacated have been

SYSTEMATIZING HOLY WAR.

New Indo-Egyptian Department Organized by Turks.

BERLIN, via London, Nov. 27.—The Overseas News Agency made public to-day a despatch from Constantinople which announces that the Turkish Government has opened a new foreign department to care for Indo-Egyptian interests. This action has been taken in consequence of the spreading of a holy war, the Berlin papers explain.

MAY BORROW FOUR BILLIONS.

French Loan Possibly to Reach That Figure, Says Economist.

PARIS, Nov. 27.—According to Paul Leroy-Beaulieu, the economist and historian, the new French loan may amount to \$4,000,000,000. Although no official figures are yet available, it is believed that about one-half of the loan will be paid in gold and the other half by conversions of earlier treasury notes and national defence bonds.

TO CONFER ON U. S. TRADE.

American Delegates, Now at Copenhagen, to Meet Swedes.

LONDON, Nov. 27.—Report reaches here that American delegates have reached Copenhagen to attend conferences at which agreements concerning the regulation of commerce between Sweden and the United States will be drawn up.

PARACHUTES 10,000 FT.; SAFE.

Col. Maitland of British Army Makes Descent in 15 Minutes.

LONDON, Nov. 27.—Col. Maitland of the Royal Naval Service dropped 10,000 feet in a parachute from an aeroplane to-day. He landed safely. It took him fifteen minutes to make the descent, which was undertaken as part of his experiments in aerial service, as he had reached a point where he found it necessary to know whether an airman could safely land in a parachute from such a height.

AMERICANS LEAVE SALONICA.

Members of Sanitary Commission to Serbia on Way to Italy.

ROME, Nov. 27.—Several members of the American Sanitary Commission, which has been serving for some months in Serbia left Salonica to-day for Italy. In the party are Dr. and Mrs. Edward Stuart, Boston; R. W. Mendelsohn, La Junta, Col.; Ralph Bates, Plymouth, Mass.; E. Magoon, Dorchester, Mass.; G. F. Laughlin, Boise City, Idaho; Elmer Gage, Boston; Albert W. Buck, Augusta, Me.; George W. Bateman, Boston; and T. R. Schoonmaker.

B. Altman & Co.

FIFTH AVENUE - MADISON AVENUE, NEW YORK

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Thirty-fourth Street

Thirty-fifth Street

Superb Collection of Furs

In the superb collection of rare Fox Furs are included Natural Blue Fox, Natural Silver Fox, Natural Cross Fox in Muffs and Scarfs for immediate wear; as well as a choice assortment of Pelts for individual selection.

Hudson Seal Coats, Karakul Coats and Moleskin Coats in the newest modes are of pronounced distinction in the display; and complete assortments of Misses' and Children's Furs and Fur Trimmings, afford very unusual purchasing opportunities.

Men's Fur-lined Overcoats, Fur Motor Robes, and Fur-mounted Rugs are also of notable interest.

In the Jewelry Section

an exquisite collection of "Pera" pearls is displayed exclusively by B. Altman & Co. Included are necklaces, plain, or with jeweled pendants; also rings, with "Pera" pearls, individually mounted, or combined with diamonds, and beautifully set in platinum.

Silverware

At this season, the diversity of designs in sterling silver Flatware and Hollow Ware affords very unusual opportunities, the collection containing many exclusive patterns of modern production, and the best of the old periods. The articles of Dutch Silver are also most interesting in character, and the entire display is noteworthy for its richness and care in selection.

An Exceptional Offering for Monday will include

Broadcloth

(54 inches wide) sponged, in black and the desirable winter shades, at the special price of

per yard \$1.50

The vogue of this material for the smart winter suit was never more pronounced.

A Sale of Silk Hosiery

FOR MEN AND WOMEN

will be held on Wednesday, December 1st.

This will afford an opportunity to purchase Hosiery of splendid quality, appropriate for Yuletide gifts, at much less than the regular prices.

In every section of the Store will be found magnificent collections of merchandise, suitable for Yuletide gifts. An illustrated

Pamphlet of Special Articles will be mailed upon request.

Attention is directed to the commodious Madison Avenue Entrance to the Store.

Lingerie from the Philippines

Recent shipments from the Philippines include beautifully designed and exquisitely hand-embroidered Nightrobes, Chemises and Bloomers, fashioned of crepe de Chine, the Silk Underwear from Manila being an entirely new feature of the present season. This collection embodies the delicately graceful designs, emblematical of the flowers of the Philippines. The care bestowed in working out the smallest petal gives an unsurpassed daintiness to each garment.

Stationery

The large assortment of imported and domestic Papers is expressive of the most fashionable adaptations, comprising all that is approved by the best social custom. Engraving of every description is executed in authoritative styles, and correctness of form is insured in the imprint of B. Altman & Co. Practical as well as luxurious desk appointments are also of particular interest at this season of gift-selection. Special attention is directed to the interesting collection of Christmas and New Year Cards, which will meet the requirements of those desiring to send appropriate greetings.

An Extraordinary Sale of Women's Tailor-made Suits

for to-morrow (Monday), will consist of twenty desirable styles in Broadcloth, Velveteen and Whipcord:

Fur-trimmed and Plain Models of superior materials and workmanship at \$27.50

(Third Floor)

Women's

Knitted Underwear

The latest novelties are now displayed in Pantalettes for evening occasions, or street wear; also in Bloomers of velvet, or satin, with albatross lining, designed especially for skating.

A sale Monday of Imported Swiss Ribbed Underwear in the following assortments will afford exceptional values:

Sleeveless Vests of wool and cotton; low neck 60c.

Tights of wool-and-cotton, white, in ankle or knee length, \$1.35

Combination Suits of wool and cotton; sleeveless, low neck; ankle or knee length \$1.25

THE SHOPPING LIST

Seal Hand Bag, with fittings .	\$5.00	Velvet Neck Band, with rhine-		Umbrellas	\$5.00
Envelope Bag of patent leather,		stones set in sterling silver .	\$4.50	Silk Brocade Desk Set . . .	6.75
or morocco; fittings . . .	6.00	Fancy Comb of rhinestones .	6.00	Writing Paper and Envelopes (in	
Child's Bag, of leather50	Fancy Party Bag	3.50	cabinet)	1.50
Leather or Bill Case, of seal .	1.75	Vest Set (four pieces) . . .	6.75	Leather Calendar45
Coin Tray-purse of pigskin .	.95	Cuff Links of Mother of Pearl,		Sterling Silver Pencil Set . .	1.00
Men's Jewel Case of leather .	1.50	14 kt. gold Mountings . . .	3.50	Diary45
Tobacco Pouch of leather, rubber		Studs of Mother of Pearl, 14 kt.		Fountain Pen90
lined	2.00	gold Mountings	3.50	Double Inkwell	9.50
Key Case, of leather	2.00	Tie Clasp of 14 kt. gold, green		Hasty Line Pad85
Leather-bound Desk Clock, with		finish	5.00	Desk Lamp	2.75
calendar	3.50	Men's Smoking Jacket . . .	8.50	Engraved Glass Candlestick .	.95
Traveling Bag, russet or black .	4.85	Men's Bath Robe	5.00	Folding Card Table of mahogany	1.65
Sterling Silver Candlesticks, per		Men's Muffler of knitted silk .	9.00	Mahogany Smoking Stand . .	2.00
pair	7.50	Men's Lounging Robe . . .	12.50	Mahogany Candlesticks, per pair	1.75
Sterling Silver Flower Vase .	7.25	Men's Silk Suspenders . . .	1.50	Mahogany Clock	6.50
Sterling Silver Cigarette Case .	8.75	Men's Silk Half-hose . . .	1.00	Indian Head Book-ends of Art	
Sterling Silver Picture Frame .	2.75	Men's House Slippers . . .	3.00	Bronze	4.00
Sterling Silver Vanity Case .	9.00	Walking Stick	3.00	Water Pitcher, with six glasses .	3.00